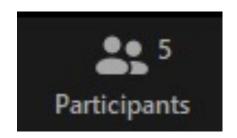


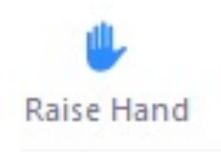
Future Land Use and Housing for All

Dix Edge Area Study | Phase Soon Workshop | May 2021

Please Raise Your Hand



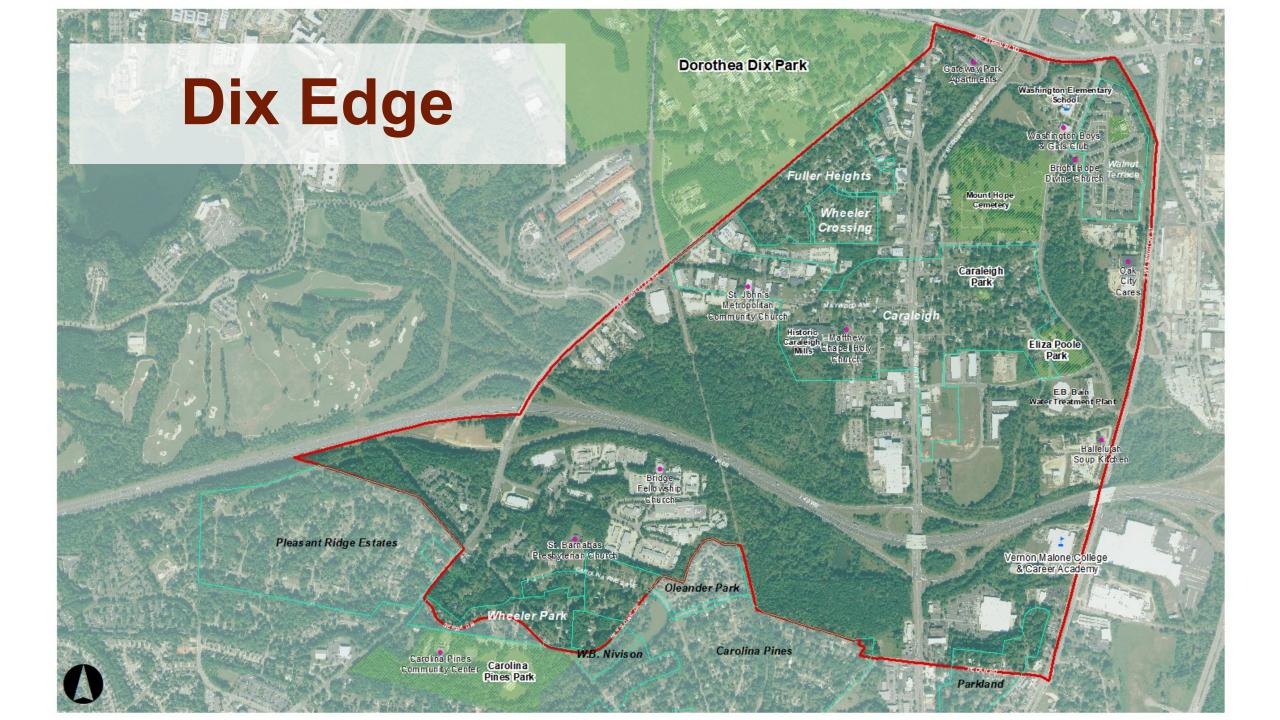
1. Click "Participants" in the bottom toolbar



2. Click "Raise Hand" in the participant menu

Agenda

- Affordable Housing Findings
 - Housing Prices in Dix Edge
 - Potential for Overlay District
 - Site Selection Factors
 - Policy Priorities & Preliminary Recommended Tools
- Land Uses and Regulations
 - Existing FLUM
 - Potential Options for Consideration
- Breakout Session
- Reporting Back and Next Steps





Dix Edge Area Study Timeline



Housing for All

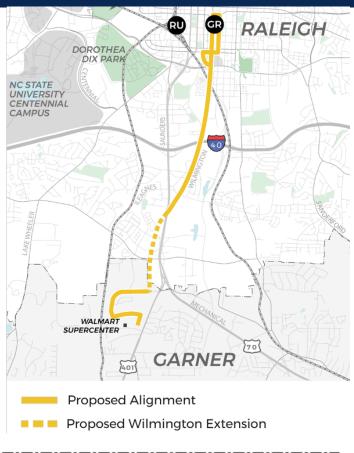
Dix Edge Area Study | Phase Soon Workshop | May 2021

What is Driving Rising Housing Prices in Dix Edge?

- Investment in Dix Park (master plan adopted in 2019)
- BRT is expected to boost achievable rents by 10%
- Regional population growth is increasing demand for housing
- Regional housing shortage not able to meet demand
- Designated as an opportunity zone
- Historically low mortgage interest rates
- More people want to live close to Downtown Raleigh



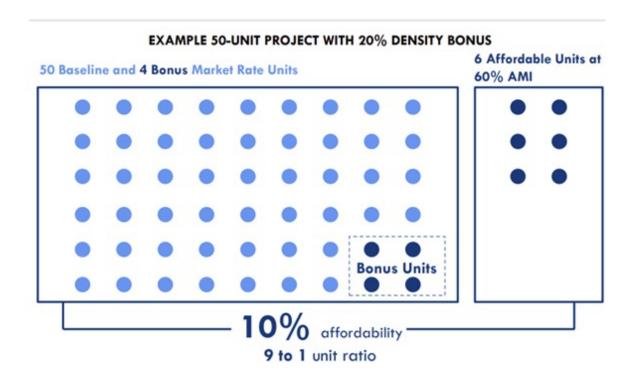
DOWNTOWN SOUTH



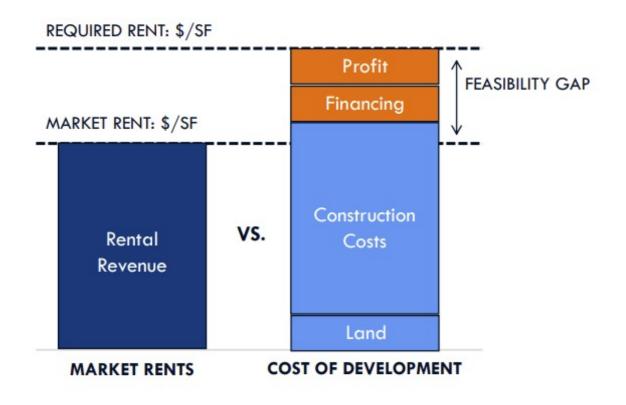


How Can an Affordable Housing Zoning Overlay Work?

- A zoning overlay is a tool to encourage affordable units in high density development
- Properties in target areas allow 3-story by-right, which translates to 5-stories heights with overlay



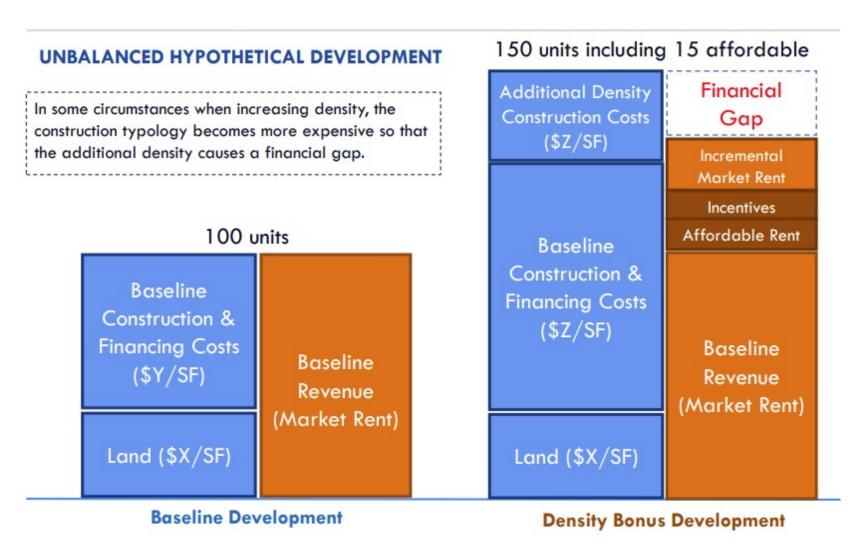
Taller Buildings Require Changes in Construction Methods, Which are More Costly and Can Create Financing Gaps



What Will the Overlay District Do?

- Low rise apartments are supported by the current rents
 - Maximum rents right now are \$1.03 per square foot
- The most likely outcome, based on market forces, with BRT
 - Urban Mid-rise

 apartments (5-7 stories)
 are achievable (needs
 \$1.80 per square foot rents)
 - The 10% boost from the overlay district would produce rents of \$1.98 per square foot



Source: HR&A Advisors, Inc.

What Is Possible?

Western Blvd. & S. Wilmington/S. Saunders | A density bonus could support the creation of a significant number of affordable units when paired with grants, as well as units with longer affordability terms.

A ~50% density bonus means a site zoned for 3-stories could allow a 5-story building, which would likely be attractive to some developers.







Scenario 1

- √ 50% Density Bonus
- ★ Rebate of 100% of City
 Taxes for 5 Years
- ★ Rebate of 100% of County Taxes for 5 Years

13.0% of Units Affordable 60% AMI for 30 years

Scenario 2

- √ 50% Density Bonus
- ✓ Rebate of 100% of City Taxes for 5 Years
- X Rebate of 100% of County Taxes for 5 Years

18.2% of Units Affordable 60% AMI for 30 years

Scenario 3

- √ 50% Density Bonus
- ✓ Rebate of 100% of City Taxes for 5 Years
- ✓ Rebate of 100% of County
 Taxes for 5 Years

26.5% of Units Affordable 60% AMI for 30 years

Source: HR&A Advisors, Inc.

What Does That Look Like?

Note: Under these scenarios, a 6-story structure cannot be incentivized to be an 8-story structure and still provide affordable units because the cost of switching to concrete or steel construction is prohibitive **S. Wilmington St./S. Saunders St.** A density bonus would enhance the opportunity for mid-rise development on the S. Wilmington/S. Saunders corridor.

Expected Outcome Before the BRT

While the maximum current rent supports suburban garden projects, the corridor is trending towards higher densities. A 20-story development was recently approved near Dorothea Dix Park, a transformational moment in the evolution of market conditions along the corridor.



Renaissance Park Apartment – 1400 Ileagnes Rd Pipeline, 4 stories, 222 units

Expected Outcome with BRT

There is a rezoning case in the northern section of the proposed corridor to increase zoning from 3 to 12 stories. Based on this market activity and with the presence of BRT, other sections of the S. Wilmington/S. Saunders corridor could more consistently support higher rents and urban mid-rise development.

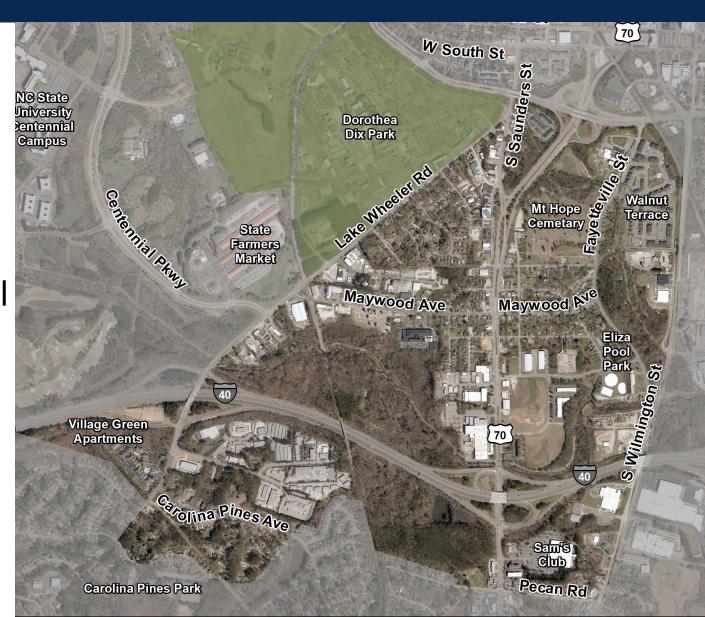


401 Oberlin 401 Oberlin Rd., Raleigh NC Built 2014, 5 stories, 244 units

Source: HR&A Advisors, Inc.

Affordable Housing Site Selection Factors

- Near the interstate and other higher capacity transit roads
- Closer to downtown
- Replace underperforming industrial or commercial uses
- Near major mixed-use projects where services and shopping will be available (Downtown South, Park City South, etc.).

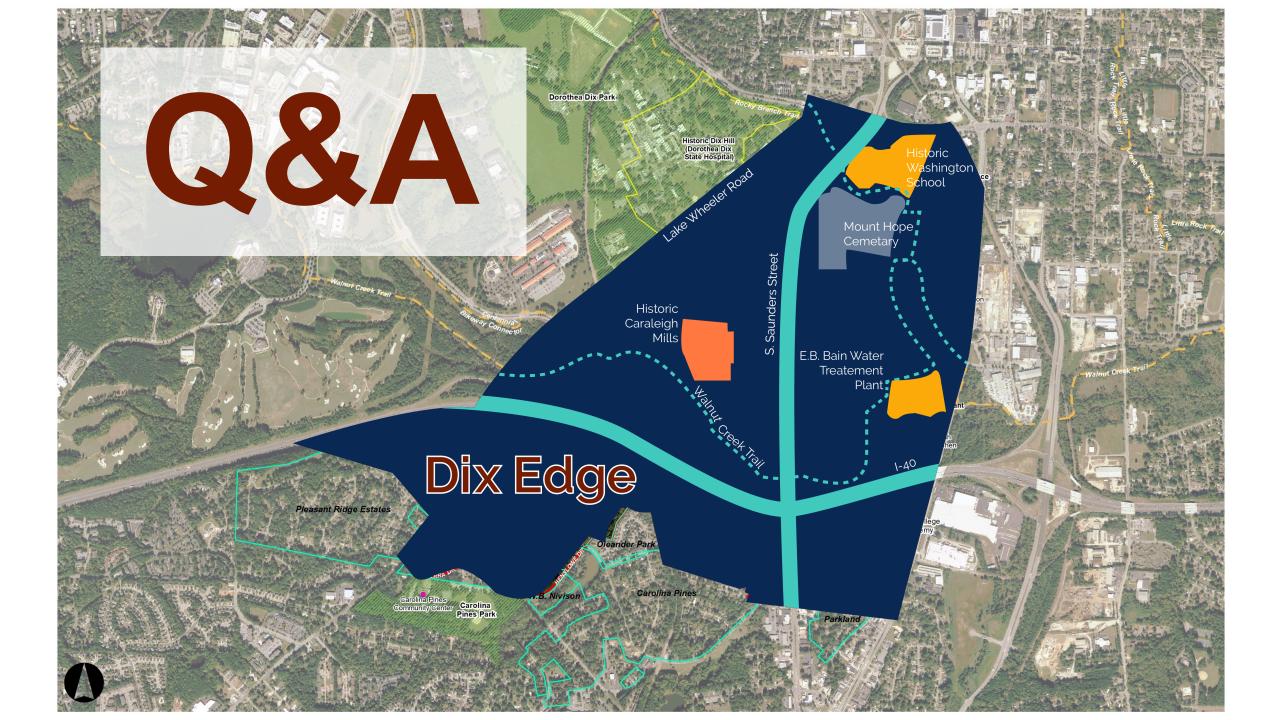


Policy Priorities for a Housing Strategy

- Priority 1: Keep homeowners who want to stay in their homes,
 in their homes Build on, and expand, existing programs.
- Priority 2: Fight predatory purchasing Expand educational programming.
- Priority 3: Preserve existing naturally occurring affordable housing (NOAH), where feasible, and explore changes to the code & enforcement.
- **Priority 4**: Offset the inevitable loss of NOAH with an aggressive approach to affordable housing in new construction.
- **Priority 5**: Integrate newcomers into the existing culture, and not vice-versa Sponsor events, and celebrate the history of the area.

Recommended Tools for Raleigh

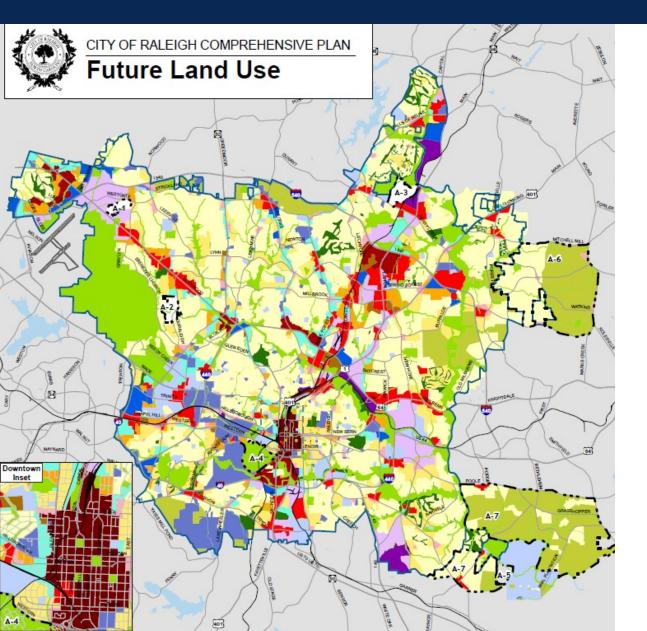
- **Zoning and Rezoning:** Promote density from developers through overlays and enable small developers.
- **Preservation:** Pursue land trusts, more acquisitions, and dedication of public land.
- Anti-displacement: Remove barriers for contractors to bid on rehab program. Expand programming for foreclosure prevention, and homebuyer program.
- **Public-Private Partnerships:** Leverage the Equity Fund to promote more affordable units, partner with smaller developers.
- **Site Acquisition:** Consider the sale or lease of publicly owned land for new affordable and mixed-income/mixed-use projects.





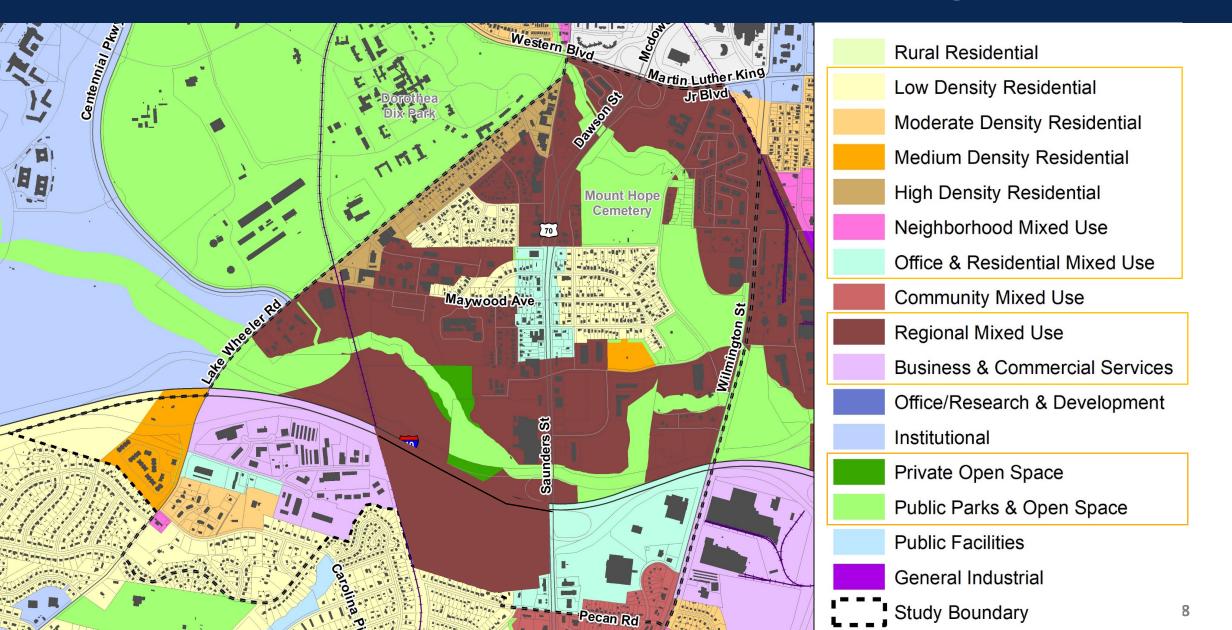
Land Use

Future Land Use & Zoning



- Every piece of property in Raleigh has a Future Land Use Map (FLUM) designation.
- This helps guide Raleigh's future growth and development.
- Planners use it to evaluate requests to change or <u>re</u>zone property.

Future Land Use in Dix Edge



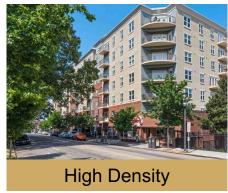
Examples of Study Area FLUM

RESIDENTIAL









MIXED-USE







Neighborhood





EMPLOYMENT



Business & Commercial

Dix Edge Study Area Examples

Focus on older, established residential communities

Caraleigh





Fuller Heights/ Wheeler Crossing





Walnut Terrace





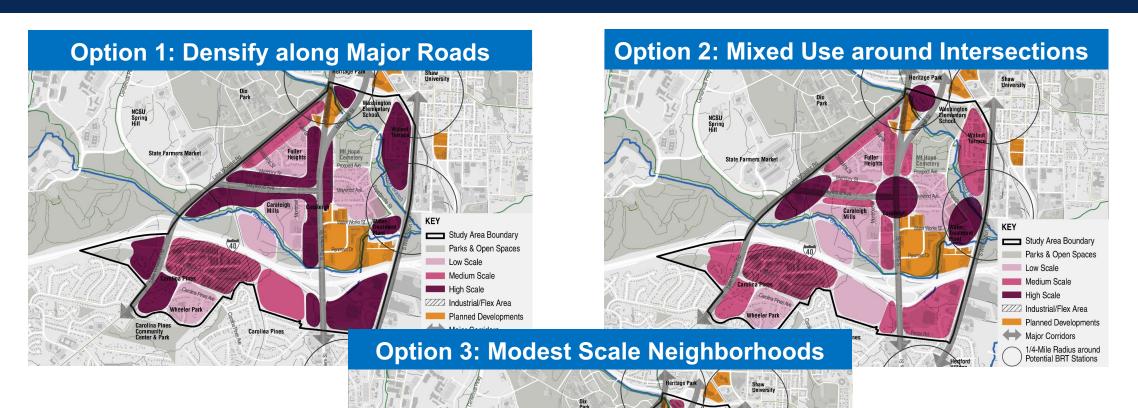
Carolina Pines/ Wheeler Park





3 Potential Land Use Options

Study Area Boundary
Parks & Open Spaces
Medium Scale
Industrial/Flex Area
Planned Developments
Major Corridors
1/4-Mile Radius around
Potential BRT Stations



Potential Land Use Options

Scale / Height

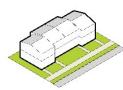
Low Scale (1-2 Stories) wood construction

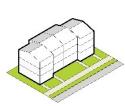


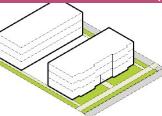


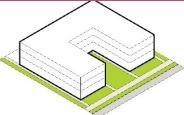


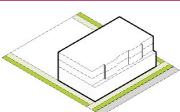












Single-Family (with/without ADU)

SF Attached Duplex

Townhomes (2 Floors)

Townhomes/Condos (3-4 Floors)

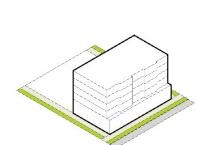
Apartments (2-3 Floors)

Apartments/Condos (2-3 Floors)

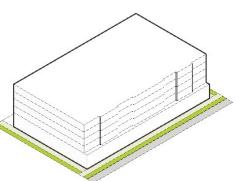
Mixed-Use/Residential (3 Floors)

Medium Scale (3-5 Stories) wood construction

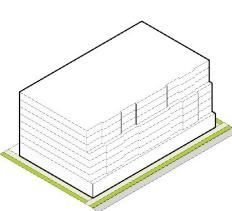
High Scale (5+ Stories) steel/concrete construction



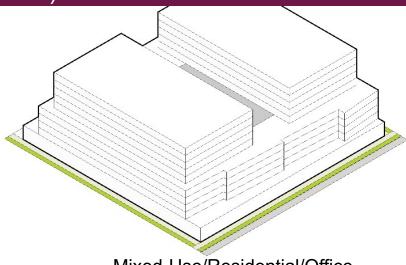
Mixed-Use/Residential (5 Floors)



Mixed-Use/Residential/Office (5 Floors)



Mixed-Use/Residential/Office (8-10 Floors)

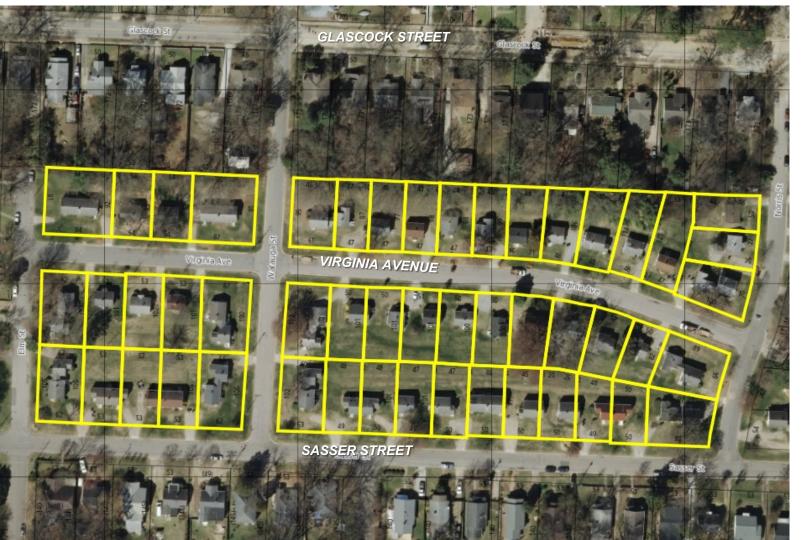


Mixed-Use/Residential/Office (10+ Floors)



Status Quo – Detached Houses

Oakdale Neighborhood, Raleigh - 2015



- Duplexes and Single Family Detached Homes
- Post WWII Construction (1945)
- Mostly rental properties
- Residential-10 (R-10) Zoning

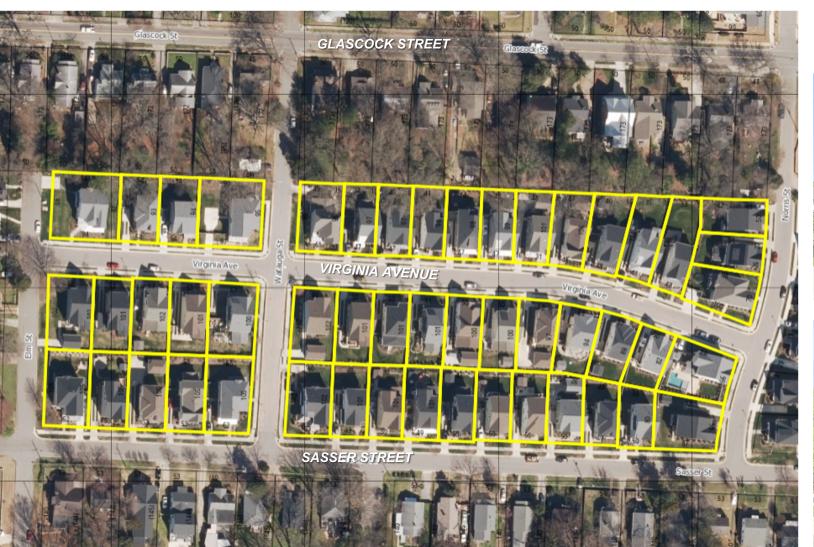






Status Quo – Detached Houses

Oakdale Neighborhood, Raleigh - TODAY



- No change in regulations or policy
- Teardown and rebuild as larger homes
- Naturally occurring affordability is lost







Status Quo - Townhouses

Oakwood Apartments, Raleigh - 2015



- Duplexes and apartments
- Post WWII Construction
- Mostly rental properties
- Residential-10 (R-10) Zoning







Status Quo - Townhouses

Oakwood Apartments, Raleigh - 2015



- No change in regulations or policy
- Townhouses built instead of detached single family (both allowed in R-10)
- Naturally occurring affordability is lost







Oakdale Detached vs Oakwood Townes





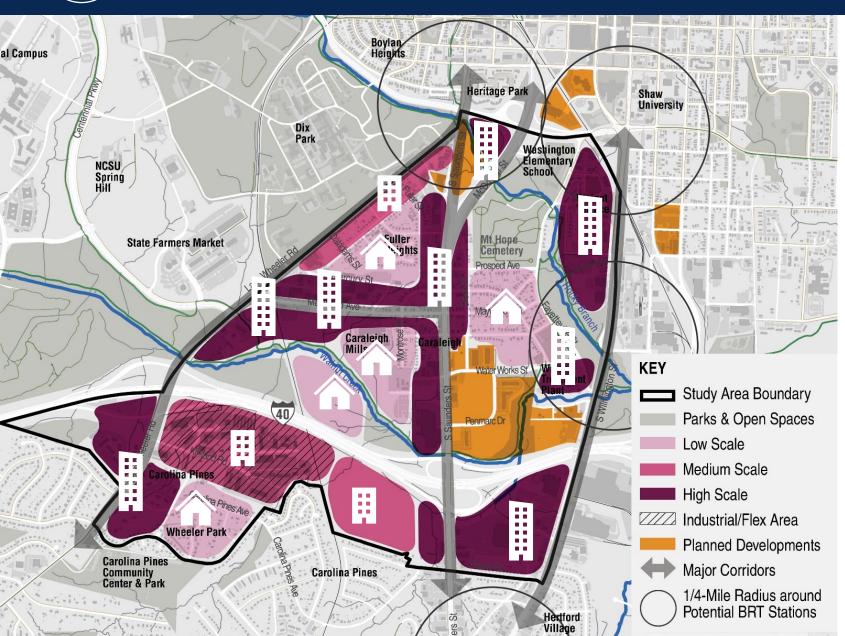
	Oakdale	Oakwood Townes	Difference
Zoning	R-10	R-10	
Acres	0.13	0.03	0.10
Heated Area	2,753	1,685	1,068
Year Built	2017	2019	2
Sale Date	2018	2019	1
Sale Price	\$ 672,650.00	\$ 484,083.33	\$ 188,566.67

On average, townhouses are on smaller pieces of property, are smaller in size, and sale for less.

Townhouses are more affordable than detached houses.



Option 1: Densify along Major Roads



- Along Major Roads (S Saunders St, Maywood Ave (west side), Wilmington St)
 - Higher scale (above 5 stories)
 - Mixed use
- Residential Neighborhoods (interior/not on major roads)
 - Low scale (1-3 stories)
 - Encourage ADUs, duplex, low scale multi-family and "missing middle" options
- Industrial areas (south of I-40)
 - Mixed use (medium scale), industrial, flex uses with job creation
 - Medium scale residential



Option 1: Densify along Major Roads





Pros

- Create "places" along major roads by clustering development
- Preserve the built-form/character of interior neighborhoods
- Keep existing Naturally-Occurring Affordable Housing (NOAH)

Cons

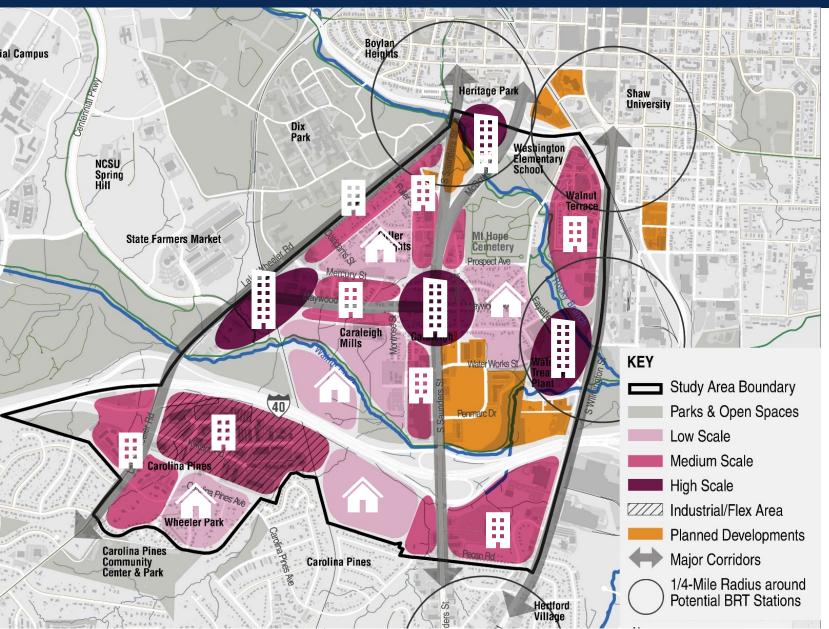
Limits potential for development adjacent to downtown







Option 2: Mixed Use around Major Intersections



- At Major Intersection Areas
 - Higher scale (above 5 stories) clustered around intersections
 - Mixed use activity centers
- Along Major Roads (between intersection areas)
 - Medium scale (3-5 stories)
- Residential Neighborhoods (interior/not on major roads)
 - Low scale (1-3 stories)
 - Encourage ADUs, duplex, low scale multi-family and "missing middle" options
- **Industrial areas** (south of I-40)
 - Mixed use (medium scale), industrial, flex uses
 - Medium scale residential



Option 2: Mixed Use around Major Intersections







Pros

- Create activity centers around major intersections and around potential Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) station areas by clustered development
- Preserve the built-form/character of neighborhoods
- Transition areas along major roads via medium scale

Cons

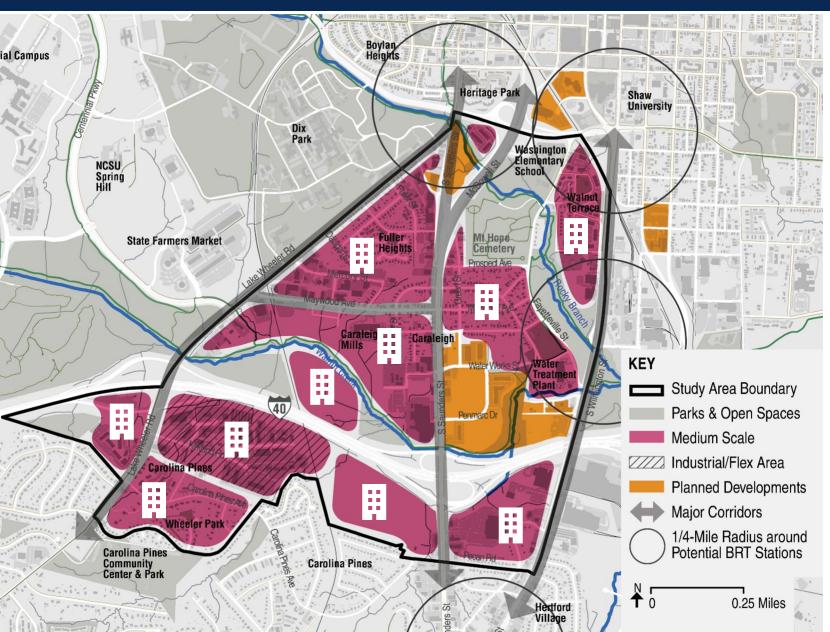
- Possible capture for higher development scale along southside of I-40 will not be realized
- Some relocation of existing industrial jobs







Option 3: Medium Scale Neighborhoods



Area-wide

- Medium scale (3-5 stories)
- Mixed use, single-family (with/without accessory dwelling units), multi-family residential, commercial, office
- **Industrial areas** (south of I-40)
 - Mixed use (medium scale), industrial, flex uses with job creation
 - Medium scale residential



Option 3: Medium Scale Neighborhoods

Medium Scale (3-5 Stories)









Pros

- Create area-wide built-form scale/height
- Increase affordability through density bonuses

Cons

- Lack of creation of special "places"
- Increased housing cost
- Major relocation/displacement

Industrial Areas | Medium Scale



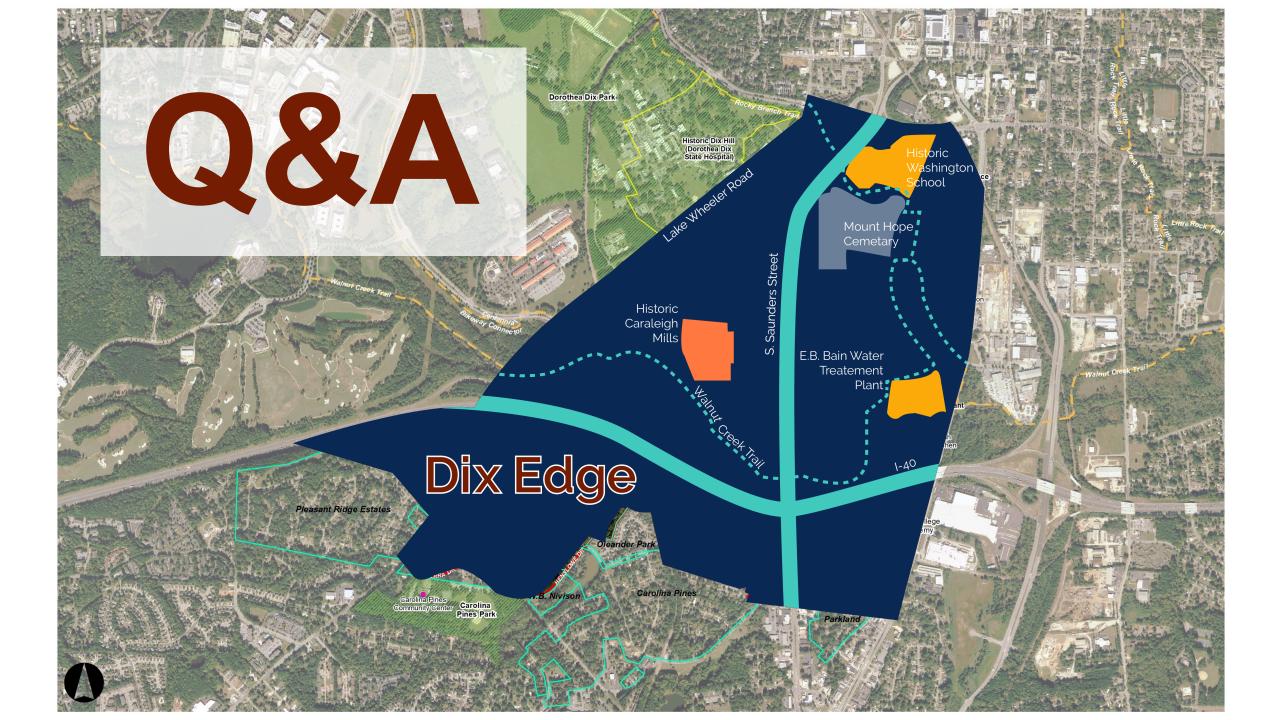


What should be Preserved?

People value
DIVERSITY of the
Dix Edge area



Diversity can be interpreted in various forms - people, incomes, densities, distinct neighborhoods, etc.



Small Group Activity

We want to hear your thoughts on land use!

Large Group Report-Out

Thanks for sharing your thoughts and feedback!



Connecting Communities.
Shaping a Shared Future.

Contact Info Sara Ellis

City Project Manager

Sara.Ellis@raleighnc.gov (919) 996-2234

raleighnc.gov/dix-edge